



B-406, Shubham Centre No. 2, Cardinal Gracious Road, Chakala, Andheri (E), Mumbai 400099. INDIA Tel.: 022- 2831 4756 E-mail : info@lsdco.in Website : www.lsdco.in

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF M/s. Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **M/s. Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited** (the "Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows ended on that date, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements")

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, the profit and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA"s) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with

the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has

adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report that:

a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.

f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.

g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended:

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.

h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

i. The Company has no pending litigation hence no impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.

Ii. The Company has made provision, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts;

iii. There is not required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For L S D & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 138200W

Raghav Kalyani Partner M. No. 171884 UDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289 Place: Mumbai Date: 21st May, 2021



ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of **M/s. Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited** of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **M/s. Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited** (the "Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal financial control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For L S D & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 138200W



Raghav Kalyani Partner M. No. 171884 UDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289 Place: Mumbai Date: 21st May, 2021

Annexure: B to the Independent Auditor's Report

The annexure referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the member of Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited for the year ended march 31st, March 2021

- 1 According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has no fixed assets during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (i) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 2 According to information and explanations given to us, there was no inventory with the company during the year under consideration. Accordingly this clause of the order is not applicable to the company.
- 3 The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability partnerships or other parties covered in the Register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause iii (a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- 4 In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013; In respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- 5 The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public and hence the directives issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2015 with regard to the deposits accepted from the public are not applicable to the Company.
- 6 As informed to us, the maintenance of Cost Records has not been specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Act, in respect of the activities carried on by the company.
- 7 a. According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, and records, the Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income-Tax, GST, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with the appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the above were in arrears as at the year-end for a period of more than six months from the date on when they become payable.
 - b. According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, GST, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax outstanding on account of any dispute.
- 8 In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not taken any loan either from bank or financial institutions or from the government and has not issued any debentures. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 9 Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer including debt instruments and term Loans. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

- 10 Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- 11 Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, appointment & managerial remuneration paid or provided during the year under review is as per limits prescribed under section 197 of the Companies act 2013 as applicable.
- 12 In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 13 In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14 Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not made preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- 15 Based upon the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given by the management, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- 16 In our opinion, the company is not required to be registered under section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.

For L S D & CO Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 138200W

Raghav Kalyani Partner M. No. 171884 UDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289 Place: Mumbai Date: 21st May, 2021



Jere	mia Real Estate CIN. U74999MH20	e Private Limited 013PTC244711	
Ba	lance Sheet as at		
		All Amount in INR thousands, u As at	nless otherwise stated
	Notes	<u>31-Mar-21</u>	<u>31-Mar-20</u>
ASSETS	10		
Current Assets			
Financial assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	21.76	42.12
Other Current Assets	3	1.826.62	1,826.61
		1,848.37	1.868.73
		1,848.37	1,868.73
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	4	100.00	100.00
Other Equity	5	(2,662.97)	(1,985.39)
		(2,562.97)	(1,885.39)
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	6	4,392.57	3,695.31
Other Current Liabilities	7	18.78	58.81
Oner Current Etablishes	•	4,411.35	3.754.12
Total equities and liabilities		1,848.37	1,868.73
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
see accompanying Notes to the Financial Statem	-		
	2042240		
As per our report of even date		-	
For L S D & CO		For and on behalf of Board of	Directors
Chartered Accountants	duate		
Firm Registration No. 138200W		in the second	
for haly have the con	A LINE	341-	a al
Raghav Kalyani	Bimenster	wan Kumar Agarwal	And Cherian
		Director	Director
Membership No. 171884		DIN: 01435580	DIN: 05126014
Place: Mumbai			
Date: 21.05.2021			
UDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289	22		

	Real Estate Priva		
		r ended 31 March, 2021	
		All Amount in INR thousands, Year Ende	
	Notes	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
icome			
evenue From Operations		<u> </u>	
		<u> </u>	
<u>xpenses</u>			
inance Cost	8	530.45	453.17
ther Expenses	9	147.14	197.08
otal Expenses		677.58	650.25
rofit Before Tax		(677.58)	(650.25
ax Expense			
- Current Tax			
rofit / (Loss) for the year		(677.58)	(650.25
ther Comprehensive Income		<u> </u>	1.
otal Comprehensive Income for the year		(677.58)	(650.25
arning Per Equity Share of face value of Rs 10 each			
Basic (In INR)	10	(67.76)	(65.03
Diluted (In INR)	10	(67.76)	(65.03
Didica (minity		(0	
ignificant Accounting Policies	1		
ee accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements			
s per our report of even date			
or LSD&CO		For and on behalf of Board of D	lirectors
hartered Accountants			
irm Registration No. 138200W	private		
Legher Kalgening * 30 & CON	ale la	Differ Aswer	0.2
artner	LOOT BIT	Rawin Kumar Agarwal Director	Director
Aembership No. 171884		DIN: 01435580	D IN: 05126014
lace: Mumbai			
Date: 21.05.2021 JDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289			

CIN. U7	al Estate Private Limited 4999MH2013PTC244711	
Statement of Changes in I	Equity for the year ended March 31, 2021	
A) Equity share capital	All Amount in INR thousands, unless otherw	ise stated
alance as at 1 April 2019		100.00
hanges in Equity share capital during 2019-20		-
quity Share capital as at 31 March 2020		100.00
hanges in Equity share capital during 2020-21		
Quity Share capital as at 31 March 2021		
B) Other equity		
	Retained earnings	Tota
alance as at 1 April 2019	(1,335.14)	(1,335.14
rofit/ (Loss) for the period	(650.25)	(650.25
Other Comprehensive Income	(1.025.30)	(1,985.39
Equity Share capital as at 31 March 2020 Additions/ Deductions during the year	(1,985.39)	(1,703.37
rofit/ (Loss) for the period	(677.58)	(677.58
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-
Equity Share capital as at 31 March 2021	(2.662.97)	(2,662.93
an 19 10 ⁰ 10		
he accompanying Notes are an integral part of the Standal	one Financial Statements.	

As per our report of even date For LSD & CO For and behalf of Board of Directors Chartered Accountants ainate Limiteo Anne Firm Registration No. 138200W Mumbai Celate A 1 118 an Kumar Agarwal nil Che Ragnav Kalyani IUMBA 1808 BIM Diffector DIN: 05126014 Director Partner Membership No. 171884 DIN: 01435580 Place: Mumbai Date: 21.05.2021 UDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289

Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited CIN. U74999M1H2013PTC244711

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31st March 2021

All Amount in INR thousands, unless otherwise stated Year Ended 31-Mar-20 31-Mar-21 A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (650.25) (677.58) Profit / (Loss) before tax Adjustments for: 530.45 453.17 Finance Cost Interest income (197.08) (147.14)Operating profit / (loss) before working capital changes Changes in working Capital: (Increase)/decrease in other financial assets (Increase)/decrease in other current assets Increase/(decrease) in trade payables (79.80)(40.04)Increase/(decrease) in other current liabilities (276.88)(187.17) **Cash generated from Operations** Income Tax Paid (187.17) (276.88)Net Cash from Operating Activities **B** CASH FLOW FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES Security Deposit given -Net Cash Used in Investing Activities C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (530.45) (453.17) Interest Expenses 694.97 697.26 Proceeds from/ (Repayment of) Short-term Borrowings (Net) 166.82 241.80 Net Cash Generated from Financing Activities Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C) (35.08) (20.36)77.20 42.12 Add : Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year 42.12 21.76 Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of year

Notes:

a. The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS-7) -Statement of Cash Flows.

Cash and Cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and balances with banks and investmens in mony market instruments. Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows comrise the following amounts in the balance sheet:-

	Asa	t
	31-Mar-21	<u>31-Mar-20</u>
Cash in hand and Balance with Banks	21.76	42.12
	21.76	42.12
As per our report of even date		
For LSD&CO	For and on behalf of Board of Directors	i.
Chartered Accountants		
Firm Registration No. 138200W	mile	j j
later SD& COLOR 3	Au we	
Reghandymin * Soacor	1 Hours	N
Raghav Kalyani	Powan Kumar Agarwal	AnilChorian
Partner	Pawan Kumar Agarwal Director	Director
Membership No. 171884	DIN: 01435580	DIN: 05126014
Place: Mumbai		
Date: 21.05.2021		
UDIN: 21171884AAAABJ5289		

Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited CIN, U74999MH2013PTC244711 Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

1 Basis of Preparation and Significant Accounting Policies

I. Basis of Preparation

The standalone financial statements of Jerenia Real Estate Private Limited ("the Company") comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"), as notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, Companies Ilintian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2016, Companies Ilintian Accounting Rules, 2016, Companies Ilintian Accounting Rules, 2016, Companies Ilintian Rules, 2016, Companies Ilintian Rules, 2016, Companies Ilintian Rules, 2016, Companies Ilintian Rules, 2016, Companies Rules, 2016, Companies Rules, 2016, Rules, 2016, Rules, 2017, Rules, 2018, Rules

The financial statements for all periods up to and including the year ended March 31, 2018, were prepared in accordance with the accounting standards notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of The Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 and in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principal in India

These financial statements are the first financial statements of the Company under Ind AS. Refer note 15 for an explanation of how the transaction from previous GAAP to Ind AS has affected the Company's financial positions, financial performance and cash flows. Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or are vision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IND A5 requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumption. These estimates, judgments and assumption affect the apheation of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and habilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and habilities at the date of financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Application of accounting policies likit require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed in note no. 1 (1). Accounting estimates could change from period to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate change in estimates are made as management become aware of change in circumstances surronding the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effect are disclosed in the notes of the financial statements is the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effect are disclosed in the notes of the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effect are disclosed in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effect are disclosed in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effect are disclosed in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and if material, their effect are disclosed in the financial statements is the period in which changes are made and if material.

11. Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the financial statements are as given below. These accounting policies have been applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements.

A Revenue recognition

Revenue from services rendered is recognized as the service is performed based on agreements' arrangement with concerned parties

B Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amonised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

C Provisons, contingent Liability and Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable ("more likely than not") that it is required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the balance sheet date, taking into account like risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the estimated cash flows to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows. The discount rate used is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money in that jurisduction and the risks specific to the liability.

1171834/ Contingent liability is a possible obligation arising from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because it is not possible that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligations or reliable estimate of the amount of the obligations cannot be made. The Company discloses the existence of contingent liabilities in Notes to Financial Statements.

Contingent assets usually arise from implanaed or other inexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits. Contingent Assets are not recognised though are disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable

D Trade receivable

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If the receivable is expected to be collected within a period of 12 months or less from the reporting date (or in the normal operating cycle of the business, if longer), they are classified as current assets otherwise as non-current assets

E Financial Instruments

All financial assets are recognised on trade date when the purchase of a financial asset is under a contract whose term requires delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned. Financial assets are multially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs, except for those financial assets which are classified as at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) at inception. All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value.

Non derivative financial Instruments

(a) Financial Assets carried at amortized costs

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amorised costs, if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold asset in order to collect contractual cash flow and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flow that are solely payment of principal and interest on the principal annount outstanding

(b) Financial Assets carried at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting the contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely psyment of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. The Company has made an interestable election for its investment which are classified as equity instrument to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income based on its business model.

(c) Financial Assets at fair value through profit & loss account

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss

(d) Fair value of financial instrument

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at reporting date. The method used to determine fair value includes discounted eash flow analysis, available quoted market prices and dealer quotes. All methods of assessing fair value results in general approximation of value and such value may never actually be realized.



Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited CIN. U74999MH2013PTC244711 Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

F Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and eash equivalents comprise eash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. For the purposes of the Cash Flow Statement, eash and eash equivalents is as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. In the balance sheet, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities

G Barrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Transaction costs in respect of long-term borrowings are amortised over the tenor of respective loans using effective interest method. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs clicuble for copitalization

J Employee Benefits

Short term employee benefits

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees's service up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employees benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Other long-term employee benefit obligations

The liabilities for earned leave and sick feave are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service. They are therefore measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the market yields at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurements as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in profit or loss.

The obligations are presented as current liabilities in the balance sheet if the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period, regardless of when the actual settlement is expected to occur

H Income Taxes

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax

Current fax

Income tax expenses is recognized in the statement of profit and loss except to the extent that it relates to item recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income. Current income tax for current period and prior period is recognized at the amount of expected to be paid or recovered from tax authorities, using the tax rate and tax laws that have been enacted or substentively enacted by the Balance sheet date.

Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) is recognized as an asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. In the year in which the MAT credit becomes eligible to be recognized as an asset in accordance with the recommendations contained in guidance note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. The Company reviews the same at each balance sheet date and writes down the carrying amount of MAT entitlement to the extent there is no longer convincing evidence to the effect that Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arrising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and liker carrying amount in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent there is reasonable certainity that the assets can be realised in future, however where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward losses, deferred tax asset are recognized only if there is virtual certainity of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax asset are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are reduced to the extent that at is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

I Earning per equity shares

Basic earning per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares during the period is adjusted for events including bonus issue, bonus element in tight issue to existing shareholders, share split, and reverse share split (consolidation of shares) if any. For the purpose of calculationg during during the period are adjusted for the effect of all dulative potential equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all dulative potential equity shares.

J Investment Properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property lovestment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future coordine benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when insurred. When part of an investment property is replaced, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Land is carried at cost. Investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives

K Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at lustonical cost less depreciation and impairment, if any Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly antibutable to the acquisition of the items

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred

2 Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash on Hand Balance with Bank



All Amount in INR thousands,	unless otherwise stated
31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20

-	21 65	42 02
2	21.76	42.12

Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited CIN. U74999MH2013PTC244711 Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

	As at	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
3 Other Cucreat Assets Security Deposit Repayble on demand	1,826.62	1,826.62
	1,826.62	1.826.62
	A10	it .
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
4 Share Capital:		
Authorised Equity Share Capital		
10,000 (PY:10,000) Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each		
nen ander en solder en solde	100 00	100 00
	100.00	100,00
Issued, Subscribed and Pald up capital		
10,000 (PY 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid	100 00	100 00
	100,00	100.00
(a) Reconcubation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period		

	Year ended 31st Murch 2021		Year ended March 2020	
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
Equity shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,000	100 00	(0,000	100 00
Equity shares allotted during the year		•		
Equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	10.000	100,00	000.01	100,00

(b) Terms and rights attached to equity shares. The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the shareholders will be eligible to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

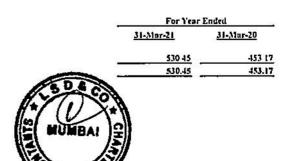
(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% Equity Shares in the Company on reporting date

(i) County of and the second		March 2021	As at 310	March 2020
	Numbers of Shares held	Percentage of Holding	Numbers of Shares held	Percentage of Holding
Future Market Networks Limited	10.000	100%	000.01	100%
(d) No shares has been allotted without payment being received in each during fi	ve years immediately j	preceding the Balance Sh		a at

	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
5 Other Equity:		
Retained Earning		
Balance at the beginning of the year	(1,985 39)	(1,335-14)
Profit/ (Loss) for the year		(650.25)
Balance at the end of the year	(Z,662.97)	(1.985.39)

As a	t
31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
1	•
4,392 57	3,695 31
4.392.57	3,695.31
As a	ı
31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
15 00	29 75
3 78	11 06
<u> </u>	18 00
18.78	58.81
	<u>4.392 57</u> <u>4.392.57</u> <u>As a</u> <u>31-Mar-21</u> 15 60 <u>3 78</u>

8	Finance Cost
	Interest on unsecured loan



43 75

Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited C1N. U74999MH2013PTC244711 Notrs forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

	For Year Ended	
	31-31ar-21	31-31ar-20
9 Other Expenses:	20 70	14 25
Legal & Professional Fees Auditor Remunaration	15 00	15 00
ROC Filling Fees	0 90	2 40
Travelling Expense	•	72 68
Printing and Stationery		0.39
Director setting fees	110 00	90.00
Bank Charges	0 53	2 37
	147.14	197.08
(a) Payment to auditors		
Statutory auditors	15 00	15 00
Statutory Audit Fees Other Services	10 00	1500
Unit Struct	15.90	15.00
	Year ended	
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
JO Earnlags per Share (EPS):		
Net Profit/(Loss) after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders	(677 \$8)	(650 25)
Weighted average numbers of equity shares used for calculating Basic EPS	000,01	10,000
Dilutive impact, if any	some to and	
Weighted average numbers of equity shares used for calculating Duluted EPS	10,000	10.000
Basic Earnings per Share (Rs)	(67 76)	(65 03)
Diluted Earnings per Share (Rs)	(67 76)	(65 03)
Face Value per Equity Share (Rs)	10 00	10 00

11 The Company is yet to commence operations. There is no reportable business and geographical segment that need to be disclosed as required under Ind AS 108 - Operating Segments

12 The Company is having staff strength of less than ten employees and the provisions of Gratuity Act, 1972 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, no hability has been provided during the year

3 Related Party Transactions:	Course black of State and a 1			
a) Holding Company	Future Market Networks Limited			
b) Key Managerial persons / Directors	Mr. Anil Cherian			
	Mr Pawan Agarwal			
	Mr. Dinesh Sudam Sakhai	c		
The following transactions were carried out with th	e Related Parties			
	F.Y. 2020-21		F.Y. 2019-20	
Holding Company				
Interest Expenses (net of TDS)	528 92		445 33	
Short Term Borrowings	[68 34		250 86	
	Jist Merch 2021		Jist March 2020	
Balance outstanding at the end of the year				
Holding Company	3,863 65		3,251 20	
Interest accured but not paid	528 92		445 33	
Director's Remuneration	Yeat end	ed		
Director Sitting Fee	31/03/2021	31703/2020		
Mr. Anil Chemin	40.00	40.00		
Mr. Pawan Agarwal	40 00	40 00		
Mr. Duresh Sudam Sakhare	30 00	10.00		

14 The Company has not recognized Deferred Tax Assets' Deferred Tax Liability during the year as per the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 12 - "Income Taxes" as there is no tuning difference adjustments, having consequences on the book profit and tax profit

15 Financial Instruments : Financial Risk Management

The Company's business activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, namely liquidity risk, market risks and credit risk. The Company's senior management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework

A. Management of Liquidity Risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will face in meeting its obligations associated with its financial liabilities. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will have sufficient funds to meet its liabilities when due without incurring unacceptable losses. In doing this, management considers both normal and stressed conditions. A material and sustained shortfall in our cash flow could undermine the company's credit rating and impair investor confidence. The following table shows the maturity analysis of the company's financial liabilities based on contractually agreed undiscounted cash flows as at the balancesheet date.

Particulars	Less than I year	I to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Borrowings Trade payable	4,392 57	SD&CO	-	4,392 57
	ANTS	MBAI S		
		DON GIRED ACC	/	

Jeremia Real Estate Private Limited CIN. U74999MH2013PTC244711 Notes forming part of the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

B. Market Risk

Market risks comprises of

- price risk, and + interest rate risk

The company has not designated any fixed rate financial assets either as fair value through profit and loss or at fair value through OCI. Therefore company is not exposed to any interest rate risk. Similary, Company does not have any financial instrument which is exposed to change in price

C. Interest rate risk and sensitivity

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to long term debt. The risk is managed by having fixed rate debt. As at 31st March 2021, entire borrowings are at fixed rate. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to eash flow interest rate risk

D. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counter-party fails to meet its contractual obligations Company is not exposed to any credit risks.

E. Capital Management

The company considers the following components of its Balance Sheet to be managed capital

Total equity as shown in the balance sheet includes retained profit and share capital The company aim to manages its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to shareholders. The capital structure of the company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. We consider the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manage the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets

The company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business. The company will take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure. The Company is not subject to financial covenants in any of its significant financing ogreements

16 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities:

There are no offset of any Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities as at 31st March 2021, 31st March 2020

Effects on Balance sheet		Related amounts not	
Gross Amaunt	Gross amount set off in the balance sheet	Nei amoral in the balance sheet	Amounts subject to master netting
			2
	-		
1.826 62			<u>+</u>
1,848.37	<u> </u>	1,848.37	<u> </u>
4,392 57			
4,392.57	<u> </u>	4,392 57	
	Effects on Balance sheet		Refeted amounts not
Gross Amount	Gross amount set off in	Net amount in the balance sheet	Ampunts subject 15 master actings
	•		
1,826.61	<u> </u>		
1,868 73	<u> </u>	<u>t.868 73</u>	20 40
3.695 31	<u> </u>		
3,695.31	<u> </u>	3,695 31	
	21 76 1.826 62 1.848 37 4.392 57 4.392 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57 57	Gross Amount Gross amount set off in the bolance sheet 21 76 - 1,826 62 - 1,848 37 - 4,392 57 - 4,392 57 - 6 ross amount set off in Gross Amount Effects on Balance theref Gross Amount Cross amount set off in the balance sheet 42 12 - 1,868 73 - 3,695 31 -	Gross Amount Gross amount set off in the bolance sheet Net amount in the balance sheet 21 76 - 21 76 1.826 62 - 1.826 52 1.848 37 - 1.848 37 4.392 57 - 4.392 57 4.392 57 - 4.392 57 Effects on Balance sheet - Gross Amount the balance sheet 4.392 57 - 4.392 57 - 21 76 - 1.848 37 - 4.392 57 - 21 76 - 4.392 57 - 21 76 - 4.392 57 - 21 76 - 21 76 - 21 76 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 - 21 70 <

17 Contingent Liability and Commitments Rs Nil (PY Nil)

18 Previous figures have been reclassified/regrouped to conform to the presentation requirements under Ind AS and the requirements laid down in Division-II to the Schedule-III of the Companies Act, 2013

As per our report of even date Far LSD & CO Chartered Accountants Fign Registration No. 138200W

120 Kalyani (Ragh Partner Membership No. 171884

Place. Mumbai Date. 21.05 2021

000A UDIN 21171884AAAABJ5289

Umiteo for and on behalf of Board of Directors . 100 n Kumar Agarwal 812 Rea, DIN 01435580